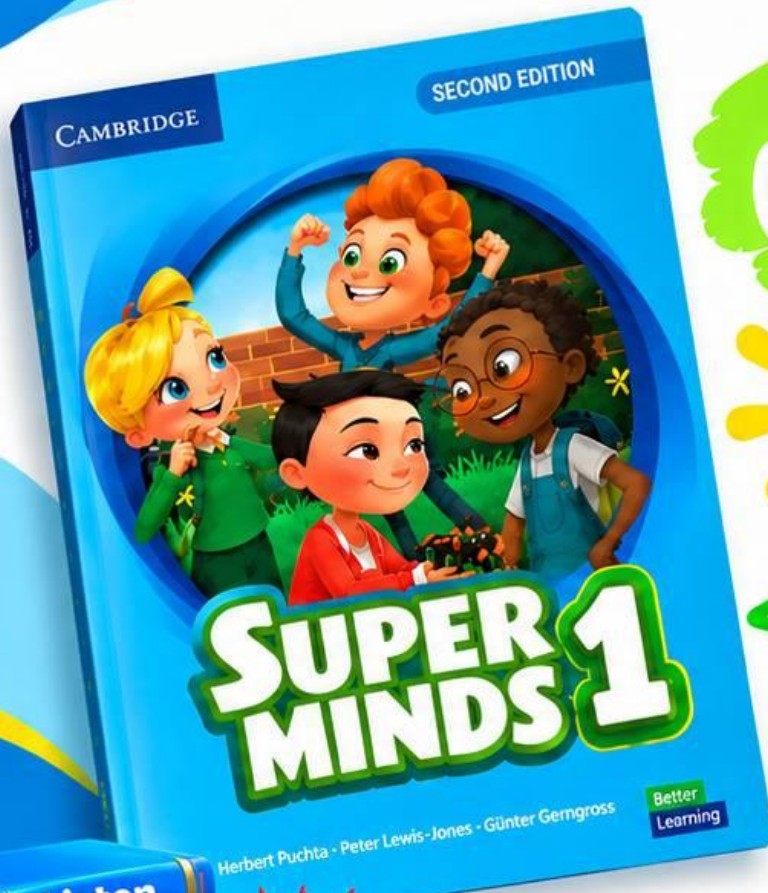




جمع بندی کتاب

SUPER MINDS

1



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۳۳۲۰۰۲۵۱ | ۳۳۲۰۰۲۶۱



Questions and short answers

برای پرسیدن سؤال و پاسخ کوتاه استفاده می شود.
ساختار سؤال:

Do/Does + subject + verb + object?

Yes, I do. / No, I don't.

Examples:

Do you like cheese?

1. Yes, I do.

2. No, I don't.

Does he play tennis?

1. Yes, he does

2. No, he doesn't.



Imperatives

برای دادن دستور یا درخواست ساده استفاده می شود.
ساختار: فعل ساده در اول جمله بدون فاعل

Examples:

Sit down.

Open your book.

Please be quiet.





What's his/her ...?

برای پرسیدن درباره چیزهایی که به یک نفر تعلق دارند یا ویژگی او هستند.

Examples:

What's her name?

Her name is Sara.

What's his favorite sport?

His favorite sport is football.





How old is he/she?

برای پرسیدن سن افراد استفاده می شود.

Examples:

How old is she?

She is six.

How old is he?

He is seven.





I've got / I haven't got

برای گفتن اینکه چیزی داریم یا نداریم.



ساختار مثبت: **I've got + noun**

ساختار منفی: **I haven't got + noun**

Examples:

I've got a pen.

I haven't got a cat.



Have ... got any?

برای پرسیدن اینکه کسی چیزی دارد یا نه، استفاده می شود.

Examples:

Have you got any apples?

1. Yes, I have.

2. No, I haven't.

Has she got any potatoes?

1. Yes, she has.

2. No, she hasn't.



I watch TV on Fridays.

مثالی از زمان حال ساده برای برنامه های همیشگی.

ساختار: فاعل + فعل ساده + جزئیات زمان

Examples:

I go to beach on weekdays**s**.

We watch TV on Monday**s**.

به **S** سوم شخص دقت شود!

He plays tennis **every** Sunday.



Do you ...?

Yes, I do / No, I don't

ساختار سؤال و پاسخ درباره عادت ها در زمان حال ساده.

Do/Does + subject + verb

Examples:

Do you go to school on Saturdays?

Yes, I do.

Does she play football?

No, she doesn't.





There is / There are

برای گفتن وجود چیزی

There is: برای یک چیز

There are: برای چند چیز

Examples:

There is a shirt in the cupboard.

There are six pens in the bag.



Is there / Are there ...?

ساختار پرسشی برای "there is / there are"

Examples:

Is there a bird in the garden?

Yes, there is.

Are there any oranges?

No, there aren't.



How many ...?

برای پرسیدن تعداد

Examples:

How many eggs are there?

There are five eggs.

How many chairs are in the class?

There are six.



Do you like this/these?

برای پرسیدن علاقه مندی به اشیاء

Examples:

Do you like **this** car?

Yes, I do.

Do you like **these** flowers?

No, I don't.



Is she/he +ing (Present continuous)

برای پرسیدن کاری که الان در حال انجام شدن است.

Structure:

Is + he/she + verb + ing

Examples:

Is he walking?

Yes, he is.

Is she playing?

No, she isn't.



Can / Can't for ability

برای گفتن اینکه کسی می تواند یا نمی تواند کاری انجام دهد.
فعل بعد از can ساده است.

Examples:

I can run.

He can't play the piano.





Questions with can for ability

برای پرسیدن توانایی انجام کاری

Can + subject + verb + ...

Examples:

Can he play the guitar?

Yes, he can.

Can you cook?

No, I can't.





Suggestions

برای پیشنهاد دادن استفاده می شود.

Examples:

Let's eat lunch

Let's go to school.

Let's play ping pong.



Where's / Where are?

برای پرسیدن مکان افراد یا اشیاء

Examples:

Where's my book?

It's on the desk.

برای دو یا چند چیز:

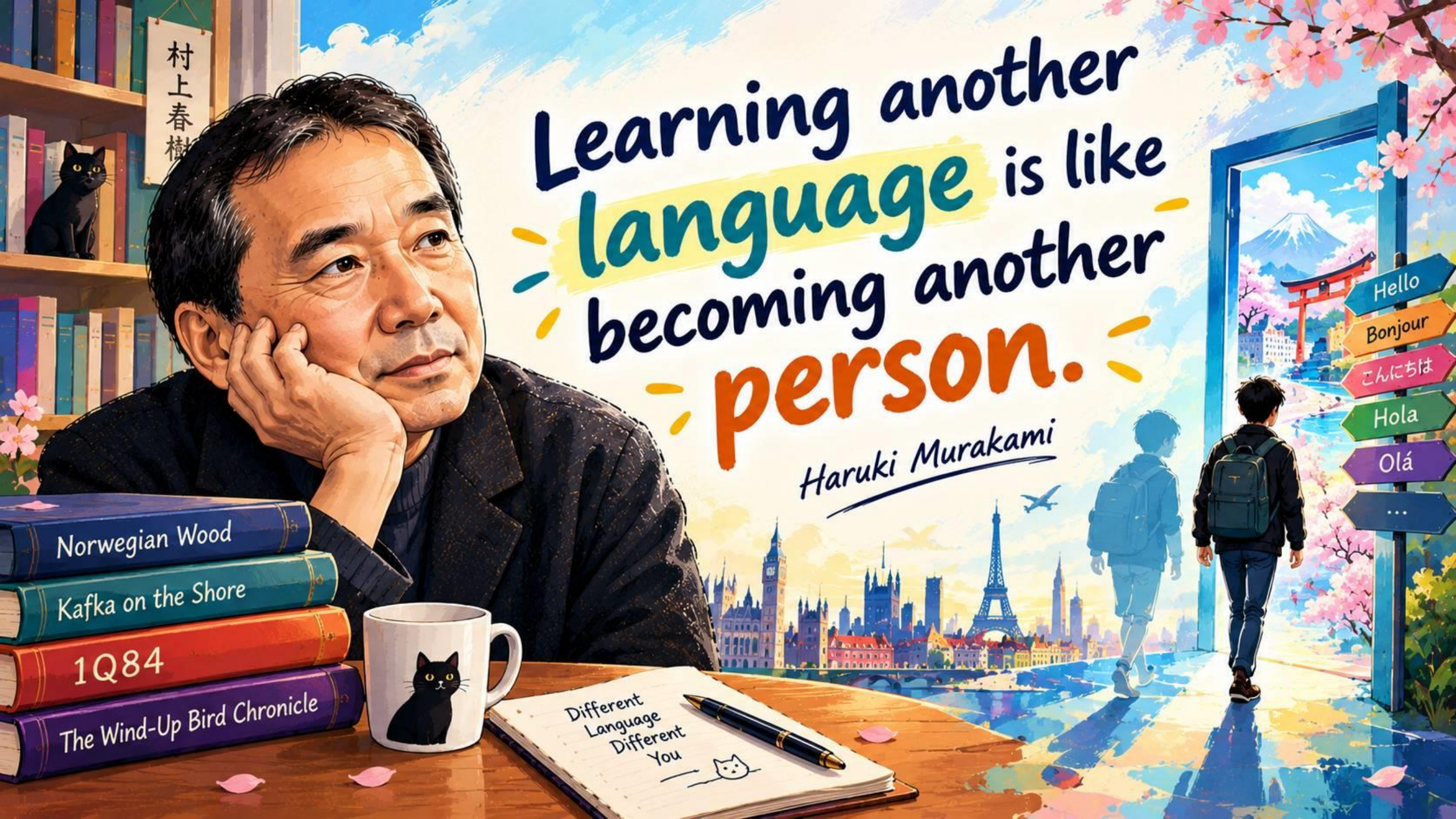
Where are your balls?

They're under the chair.



Learning another
language is like
becoming another
person.

Haruki Murakami



村上春樹

Norwegian Wood

Kafka on the Shore

1Q84

The Wind-Up Bird Chronicle

Different
Language
Different
You

